

February 22, 2023

Kelly Lea J5 Infrastructure

Re: Acoustical Report – AT&T WL4557 Walla Walla Mill Creek

Site: 928 Sturm Avenue, Walla Walla, WA 99362

Dear Kelly,

This report presents a noise survey performed in the immediate vicinity of the proposed AT&T telecommunications facility 928 Sturm Avenue in Walla Walla, Washington. This noise survey extends from the proposed equipment to the nearest properties. The purpose of this report is to document the existing conditions and the impacts of the acoustical changes due to the proposed equipment. This report contains data on the existing and predicted noise environments, impact criteria and an evaluation of the predicted sound levels as they relate to the criteria.

### **Code Requirements**

The property is within the City of Walla Walla zoning jurisdiction on property with an RN (Residential) zoning. The receiving properties to the north and south are within the Walla Walla city limits and are all zoned RN. The receiving properties to the east and west are not within the Walla Walla city limits, and they are in Residential use.

The proposed new equipment includes equipment support cabinets and an emergency generator. The equipment support cabinets are expected to run 24 hours a day. The generator will run once a week during daytime hours only for maintenance and testing purposes.

Under Walla Walla municipal code 8.13.030, noise from equipment on a Residential property is limited as follows:

Residential Receiver: Noise is limited to 55 dBA during daytime hours. During nighttime, defined as the hours between 10 p.m. and 7 a.m. on weekdays and between 10 p.m. and 9 a.m. on weekends, maximum sound levels are reduced by 10 dBA for Residential receiving properties. Since the support cabinets are expected to operate 24 hours a day, they must meet the 45 dBA nighttime limit.

Additionally, Walla Walla Municipal Code 8.13.040 allows that during any one-hour period, the maximum permissible noise level may be exceeded by 5 dBA for a 15 minute period. Therefore, the generator must not exceed 60 dBA when running during daytime hours for maintenance testing. The generator is exempt during emergency operation.

#### **Ambient Conditions**

Existing ambient noise levels were measured on site with a Svantek 971 sound level meter on February 21, 2023. Measurements were conducted as close to the proposed location as possible and the property lines in accordance with the State of Washington code for Maximum Environmental Noise Levels WAC 173-60-020. The average ambient noise level was 54 dBA.

## **Predicted Equipment Sound Levels**

### 24-Hour Operation Equipment

The proposed equipment includes (1) Vertiv XTE 802 Series Walk-In-Cabinet (WIC). According to the manufacturer, this WIC is manufactured with (1) Marvair DAC2000S000-299-VAR-0013 and (1) Marvair ECUA18 MAA1018. The following table presents a summary of the equipment and their associated noise levels:

**Table 1: Equipment Noise Levels** 

Equipment	dBA (each)	Quantity	Combined dBA @ 5 ft
Marvair DAC2000S000-299-VAR-0013	66 dBA @ 5ft	1	66
Marvair ECUA18 MAA1018	62 dBA @ 5ft	1	62
Total dBA (All cabinets combined)			67

Methods established by AHRI Standard 275-2010 and ASHRAE were used in predicting equipment noise levels to the receiving properties. Application factors such as location, height, and reflective surfaces are accounted for in the calculations.

The WIC will be located at grade surrounded by a 6'-0" chain-link fence. The nearest receiving properties are approximately 18 feet north, 73 feet west, and 81 feet south of the equipment. The following table presents the predicted sound levels at the nearest receiving properties:

**Table 2: Predicted Noise Levels: Proposed Equipment Cabinet** 

Line	Application Factor	N	W	S
1	Sound Pressure Level at 5 ft (dBA), Lp1	67	67	67
2	Distance Factor (DF) Inverse-Square Law (Free Field): DF = 20*log (d1/d2)	-11 (18 ft)	-23 (73 ft)	-24 (81 ft)
3	New Equipment Sound Pressure Level at Receiver, Lpr (Add lines 1 and 2)	56	44	43

As shown in Table 2, the sound pressure level from the proposed equipment is predicted to be 56 dBA at the nearest receiving property to the north, which does not meet the 45 dBA nighttime code limit. In order for the equipment to meet code at the north receiving property, the noise mitigation measures shown on Pages 4 and 5 must be implemented.

The sound pressure level from the proposed equipment is predicted to be 44 dBA at the nearest receiving property to the west, which meets the 45 dBA nighttime code limit. The sound pressure level from the proposed equipment is predicted to be 43 dBA at the nearest receiving property to the south, which meets the 45 dBA nighttime code limit. Noise levels at other receiving properties, which are further away, will be lower and within code limits.

### Emergency Equipment

The proposed equipment includes one Polar Power PN 8220-603-D-20-03 20 KW generator which has a sound level of 67 dBA at 23 feet. The generator will be located at grade surrounded by a 6'-0" chain-link fence. The nearest receiving properties are approximately 10 feet north, 74 feet west, and 89 feet south of the generator. The following are the predicted sound levels at the nearest receiving properties:

**Table 3: Predicted Noise Levels: Proposed Emergency Generator** 

Line	Application Factor	N	W	S
1	Equipment Sound Pressure Level at 23 ft. (dBA), Lp1	67	67	67
2	Distance Factor (DF)	+7	-10	-12
	Inverse-Square Law (Free Field): DF = 20log (d1/d2)	(10 ft)	(74 ft)	(89 ft)
3	New Equipment Sound Pressure Level at Receiver, Lpr	74	57	55

As shown in Table 3, the sound pressure level from the proposed generator during test cycle operation is predicted to be 74 dBA at the nearest receiving property to the north, which does not meet the 60 dBA daytime code limit. In order for the emergency generator to meet code at the north receiving property, the noise mitigation measures shown on Pages 4 and 5 must be implemented.

The sound pressure level from the proposed generator during test cycle operation is predicted to be 57 dBA at the nearest receiving property to the west, which meets the 60 dBA daytime code limit. The sound pressure level from the proposed generator during test cycle operation is predicted to be 55 dBA at the nearest receiving property to the south, which meets the 60 dBA daytime code limit. Noise levels at other receiving properties, which are further away, will be lower and within code limits.

### **Noise Mitigation**

Noise levels from the cabinet will need to be reduced by 11 dB to meet the code limit at the north receiving property, and noise levels from the generator will need to be reduced by 14 dB to meet the code limit at the north receiving property. To provide the noise reduction, a noise barrier will need to be installed between the equipment and the receiving property as follows:

#### **Noise Barrier**

- Install a noise barrier on the north, west, and east sides of the equipment as indicated by the bold **red** lines in Figure 2. The top of the noise barrier on the west and east sides (where there is not a partial roof) shall be at least 6'-0" above grade.
- Install a partial roof extending from the north side of the structure to 1'-9" north of the center of the generator as indicated by the **red** shaded area in Figure 2. The top of the partial roof, on the south side, shall be at least 9'-6" above grade.
- Construct the noise barrier and partial roof with a solid material that has a surface mass of at least 4 lbs/sq ft. The following are common barrier materials that meet this requirement:
  - (2) layers of 3/4-inch exterior grade plywood
  - o (2) layers of 16-gauge sheet metal
  - o (2) layers of HardiPanel Vertical Siding or HardiBacker 1/2-inch
- Install sound absorbing material on the underside of the partial roof with a minimum NRC rating of 0.70. This same material shall be used to line the inside walls of the structure. The following are recommended products for this application:
  - o 1" thick F-Sorb
  - 1" thick Polysorb
  - Soundseal Quilted Fiberglass Absorber (QFA-10 Silicone-coated-fiberglass-cloth faced).
- A detail of the barrier construction is presented in the following figure.

# AT&T WL4557 Walla Walla Mill Creek

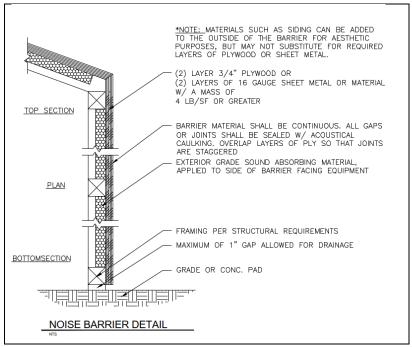


Figure 1: Noise Barrier Detail

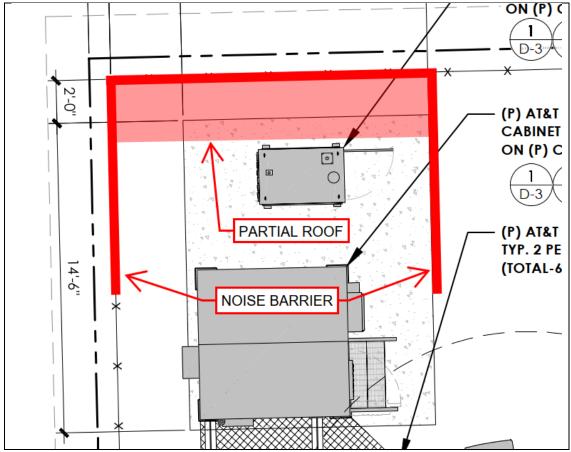


Figure 2: Noise Barrier - Plan

AT&T Page 6

## **Predicted Noise Levels With Mitigation**

24-Hour Operation Equipment

The following table presents the predicted noise level from the cabinet to the nearest receiving property to the north with the noise mitigation implemented:

**Table 4: Predicted Noise Levels: Proposed Equipment Cabinet** 

Line	Application Factor	N
1	Sound Pressure Level at 5 ft (dBA), Lp1	67
2	Noise Reduction – Noise Barrier	-12
3	Distance Factor (DF)	-11
3	Inverse-Square Law (Free Field): DF = 20*log (d1/d2)	(18 ft)
4	New Equipment Sound Pressure Level at Receiver, Lpr	44
	(Add lines 1 through 3)	44

As shown in Table 4, the sound pressure level from the proposed equipment cabinet with the noise mitigation implemented is predicted to be 44 dBA at the nearest receiving property to the north, which meets the 45 dBA nighttime code limit.

# Emergency Equipment

The following table presents the predicted noise level from the generator to the nearest receiving property to the north with the noise mitigation implemented:

**Table 5: Predicted Noise Levels: Proposed Emergency Generator** 

Line	Application Factor	N
1	Equipment Sound Pressure Level at 23 ft. (dBA), Lp1	67
2	Noise Reduction – Noise Barrier	-14
3	Distance Factor (DF)	+7
3	Inverse-Square Law (Free Field): DF = 20log (d1/d2)	(10 ft)
4	New Equipment Sound Pressure Level at Receiver, Lpr (Add lines 1 through 3)	60

As shown in Table 5, the sound pressure level from the proposed generator during test cycle operation with the noise mitigation implemented is predicted to be 60 dBA at the nearest receiving property to the north, which meets the 60 dBA daytime code limit.

Please contact us if you have any questions or require further information.

Sincerely,

SSA Acoustics, LLP

Steven Hedback Acoustical Consultant

This report has been prepared for the titled project or named part thereof and should not be used in whole or part and relied upon for any other project without the written authorization of SSA Acoustics, LLP. SSA Acoustics, LLP accepts no responsibility or liability for the consequences of this document if it is used for a purpose other than that for which it was commissioned. Persons wishing to use or rely upon this report for other purposes must seek written authority to do so from the owner of this report and/or SSA Acoustics, LLP and agree to indemnify SSA Acoustics, LLP for any and all resulting loss or damage. SSA Acoustics, LLP accepts no responsibility or liability for this document to any other party other than the person by whom it was commissioned. The rindings and opinions expressed are relevant to the dates of the works and should not be relied upon to represent conditions at substantially later dates. Opinions included therein are based on information gathered during the study and from our experience. If additional information becomes available which may affect our comments, conclusions or recommendations SSA Acoustics, LLP reserves the right to review the information, reassess any new potential concerns and modify our opinions accordingly.